

**Preface** 

# **Instruction Manual**

PORTABLE
DISSOLVED OXYGEN METER
OM-71



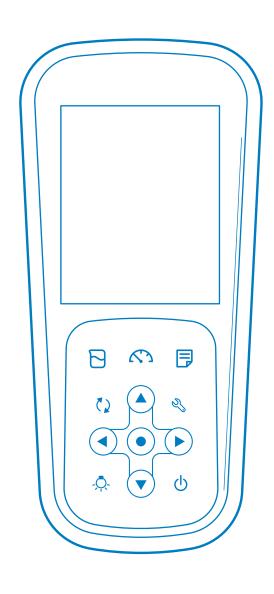
Measurement

Usinig various functions

**Maintenance** 

How to resolve errors or troubles

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## **Preface**

This manual describes the operation of the Portable Dissolved Oxygen Meter OM-71. Be sure to read this manual before using the product to ensure proper and safe operation of the product. Also safely store the manual so it is readily available whenever necessary.

Product specifications and appearance, as well as the contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

## ■ Warranty and responsibility

HORIBA, Ltd. warrants that the Product shall be free from defects in material and workmanship and agrees to repair or replace free of charge, at option of HORIBA, Ltd., any malfunctioned or damaged Product attributable to responsibility of HORIBA, Ltd. for a period of one (1) year from the delivery unless otherwise agreed with a written agreement. In any one of the following cases, none of the warranties set forth herein shall be extended:

- Any malfunction or damage attributable to improper operation
- Any malfunction attributable to repair or modification by any person not authorized by HORIBA, Ltd.
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to the use in an environment not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to violation of the instructions in this manual or operations in the manner not specified in this manual
- Any malfunction or damage attributable to any cause or causes beyond the reasonable control of HORIBA, Ltd. such as natural disasters
- Any deterioration in appearance attributable to corrosion, rust, and so on
- Replacement of consumables

HORIBA, LTD. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY MALFUNCTIONS OF THE PRODUCT, ANY ERASURE OF DATA, OR ANY OTHER USES OF THE PRODUCT.

### ■ Trademarks

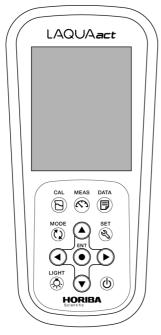
 Microsoft, Windows, Windows Vista are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

Other company names and brand names are either registered trademarks or trademarks of the respective companies. (R), (TM) symbols may be omitted in this manual.

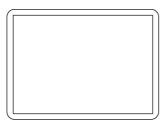
# ■ Items in package

After opening the package, check for damage on the instrument and that the standard accessories (see below) all exist.

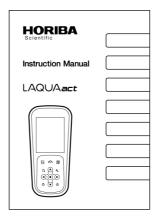
If damage or defects are found on the product, contact your dealer.



Instrument



**Quick-start Manual** 



Instruction manual (this book)



AAA alkaline batteries

#### Note

- The accessories are not waterproof.
- The supplied alkaline batteries are used to check operation, thus it is possible that the battery will be run out quickly.

## Regulations

### ■ Conformable Directive

This equipment conforms to the following directives and standards:

CE

**Directives:** The EMC Directive 2004/108/EC

The Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC

The RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU

Standards: [the EMC Directive] EN61326-1:2006

Class B, Basic requirements

[the Low Voltage Directive] EN61010-1:2010(Ed.3.0)

[the RoHS Directive] EN50581:2012

Category: 9. Monitoring and control instruments

### Installation Environment

This product is designed for the following environment.

- Overvoltage Category II
- •Pollution degree 2

WARNING: Do not use the equipment for measurements within measurement categories II, III and IV.

## Information on disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and disposal of batteries and accumulators

The crossed out wheeled bin symbol with underbar shown on the product or accompanying documents indicates the product requires appropriate treatment, collection and recycle for waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) under the Directive 2002/96/EC, and/or waste batteries and accumulators under the Directive 2006/66/EC in the European Union.

The symbol might be put with one of the chemical symbols below. In this case, it satisfies the requirements of the Directive 2006/66/EC for the object chemical.

This product should not be disposed of as unsorted household waste.

Your correct disposal of WEEE, waste batteries and accumulators will contribute to reducing wasteful consumption of natural resources, and protecting human health and the environment from potential negative effects caused by hazardous substance in products.

Contact your supplier for information on applicable disposal methods.









H9

## Regulations

### ■ FCC rules

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance shall void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### •WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

### ■ Korea certification

●B급 기기 (가정용 방송통신기자재)

이 기기는 가정용(B 급) 전자파적합기기로서 주로 가정에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 하며, 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다.

# ■ Taiwan battery recycling mark



# ■ Hazard classification and warning symbols

Warning messages are described in the following manner. Read the messages and follow the instructions carefully.

### Hazard classification

**⚠** DANGER

This indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. This is to be limited to the most extreme situations.

**⚠** WARNING

This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

**⚠** CAUTION

This indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices. Without safety alert indication of hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

## Warning symbols



Description of what should be done, or what should be followed



Description of what should never be done, or what is prohibited

# **■** Safety precautions

This section provides precautions for using the product safely and correctly and to prevent injury and damage. The terms of DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION indicate the degree of imminency and hazardous situation. Read the precautions carefully as it contains important safety messages.

### Instrument and electrode

	<u></u> WARNING
0	Do not use an unspecified AC adapter. Otherwise, it may heat up or be ignited resulting in a fire or an accident.
0	Do not disassemble or modify the instrument.  Otherwise, it may heat up or be ignited resulting in a fire or an accident.

#### 

Harmful chemicals
The internal solution of DO electrodes is highly potassium hydroxide (KOH).
If it gets into eyes, flush with plenty of water and then consult a doctor. If it gets into eyes, flush with plenty of water and then consult a doctor.

Do not use the RS-232C communication and the AC adapter under wet or humid conditions. Otherwise, it may cause a fire, electric shock, or breakage.

## Battery

### **MARNING**

- Keep batteries out of reach of children. If someone accidentally swallows a battery, consult a doctor immediately.
- If alkaline fluid from a battery gets into the eyes, do not rub the eyes, rinse with clean water immediately and then consult a doctor.

  Contact with alkaline fluid could cause blindness.
- O not put batteries in a fire, expose to heat, disassemble or remodel. Doing so could case fluid leakage, overheating or explosion.

### **CAUTION**

Do not remove or scratch the external label of the battery. Doing so could cause injury to hands and fingers.

## ■ Product handling information

## Operational precautions (instrument)

- •The function that measuring dissolved oxygen of the instrument is only usable for measuring under water. Do not use this function for the application except described above.
- •Do not drop, crash, or give any physical impact on the instrument.
- •The instrument is made of solvent-resistant materials but that does not mean it is resistant to all chemicals. Do not dip the instrument in strong acid or alkali solution, or wipe with such solution.
- If the instrument is dropped into water or gets wet, wipe it using soft cloth. Do not heat to dry it with a hair-dryer (or the like).
- •The instrument has a dust-proof and waterproof structure. Waterproof performance is following specification: the instrument does not malfunction even when immersed in water of 1 m depth for 30 minutes.
- This does not mean to guarantee non-destructive, trouble-free, dust-proof, and waterproof performance in all situations. If the instrument is correctly handled according to the descriptions in this manual, the instrument provides dust-proof and waterproof performance.
- •When replacing the batteries, while connected to the AC adapter, or during the RS-232C communication, the instrument does not have the dust-proof and waterproof performance. The dust-proof and waterproof performance is maintained only when the covers are attached correctly.
- -After replacing the batteries, connecting the AC adapter, and using the RS-232C communication, make sure that the waterproof packing attached to each cover is not deformed or discolored, or has foreign matter adhering to it. If the waterproof packing is deformed, discolored or has foreign matter adhering to it, or dust could get inside, water leaks could occur that could lead to instrument malfunction.
- •To disconnect an electrode or AC adapter cable or serial cable, hold the connector and pull it off. If you pull at the cable, it may cause a breakage.
- •The RS-232C communication between the instrument and a personal computer (PC) may fail because of environmental conditions, such as (radio/electromagnetic) noise.
- •Do not replace the batteries, connect the AC adapter, or use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.
- •Do not use the tip of a nail or an object with a sharp end to press the keys.
- If the power supply is interrupted while measurement data is being saved in the instrument, the data could be corrupted.

•A Ni-MH rechargeable battery can be used in this instrument, but the battery used in the instrument cannot be charged using the AC adapter.

## Operational precautions (battery)

- Do not short circuit a battery.
- •Set the + and side of the battery correctly.
- •When the battery has run out or the instrument will not be used for a long time, remove the batteries.
- •Of the specified battery types, make sure to use two batteries of the same type.
- •Do not use a new battery together with a used battery.
- •Do not use a fully charged nickel-metal hydride battery together with a partially charged battery.
- •Do not attempt to charge a non-rechargeable battery.

# Environmental conditions for use and storage

Temperature: 0°C to 45°C

• Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

#### Avoid the following conditions.

- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- Corrosive gas environment
- Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind

### Transportation

When transporting the instrument, repackage it in the original package box. Otherwise, it may cause instrument breakage.

## Disposal

- •Standard solution used for the calibration must be under neutralized before the disposal.
- •When disposing of the product, follow the related laws and/or regulations of your country for disposal of the product.

# **■** Manual Information

# Description in this manual

Note
This interprets the necessary points for correct operation and notifies the important points for handling the product.
Reference
This indicates the part where to refer for information.
Tip
This indicates reference information.

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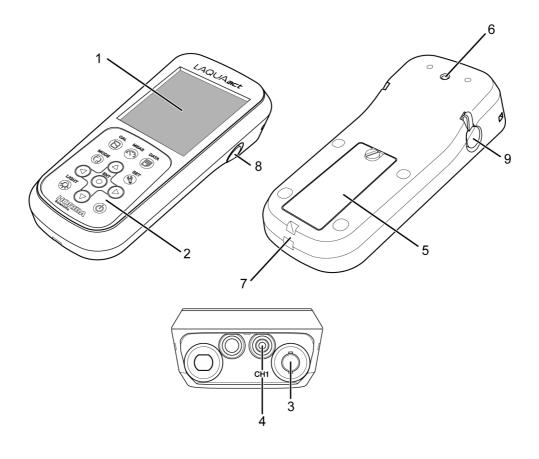
# Part names and basic operation

This section describes the name of each part and the main role, function, and basic operation method of each part.

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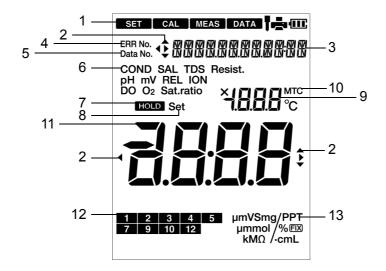
# ■ Names of each part

# Instrument



No.	Name	Function
1	Display	Displays the measured value and set value and so on.
2	Operation keys	Used for instrument operation.
3	Electrode connector	Connects the BNC connector of the electrode.
4	Temperature connector	Connects the temperature connector of the electrode.
5	Battery cover	Set batteries inside.
6	Electrode hook attachment section	Attach the electrode hook to carry with instrument.
7	Strap attachment section	Attach a strap.
8	Serial connector	Connects the serial cable and printer cable.
9	AC power connector	Connects an optional AC adapter.

# Display

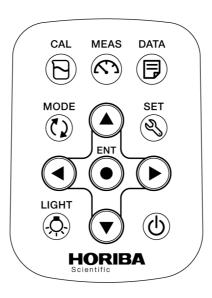


No.	Name	Function
1	Status icon	Displays the current operation mode, electrode status, printer or PC connection status, and remaining battery level.
2	Direction key icon	Displays the currently available direction key.
3	Date and time, set item display area	Displays the current date and time and the set items.
4	ERR No. icon	Displays an error No.
5	Data No. icon	Displays the data No.
6	Measurement parameter display area	Displays the currently set measurement parameter.
7	HOLD icon	Lights when the measured value display is fixed.
8	SET icon	Lights when numerical values are entered.
9	Temperature display area	Displays the measured and the set temperature.
10	MTC icon	Lights when the temperature setting is MTC (optional temperature setting).
11	Measured value, set item display area	Displays the measured value and the set value.
12	Standard solution calibration history icon	When calibrating pH standard solution, the corresponding icon lights. (this icon do not use in the instrument).
13	Unit display area	Displays the unit for the measurement parameter and the display item.

# • Battery level display

<b>(III</b> )	Battery level is high.
	Battery level is a little lower.
	Battery level is low. The backlight may become unavailable.
	Battery has run out. Replace the batteries. "ERR No. 0002" is displayed and operation is disabled.

# Operation key



Key	Name	Function	
B	MEAS key	Changes the operation mode to the measurement mode during operation in a different mode. The changes you made using the setting mode are reflected when you press this key to return to the measurement mode. In the measurement mode, switches the automatic hold measurement on/off.	
2	CAL key	Changes from the measurement mode to the calibration mode. Start calibration in the calibration mode.	
B	DATA key	Changes from the measurement mode to the data mode.	
8	SET key	Changes from the measurement mode to the setting mode.	
Ф	POWER key	Turns ON/OFF the power of instrument.	
(1)	MODE key	In the measurement mode, changes measurement parameters.	
<b>.</b>	LIGHT key	Turns on/off the backlight.	
•	ENTER key	Determines the selection or setting. Prints data in measurement, the calibration and data mode.	
<b>A</b>	UP key	Changes the selected item.  Changes the number of the selected digit when entering numbers.	
<b>V</b>	DOWN key		
◀	LEFT key	Changes the selected item.	
<b>&gt;</b>	RIGHT key	Changes the selected digit when entering numbers.	

## **■** Basic operation

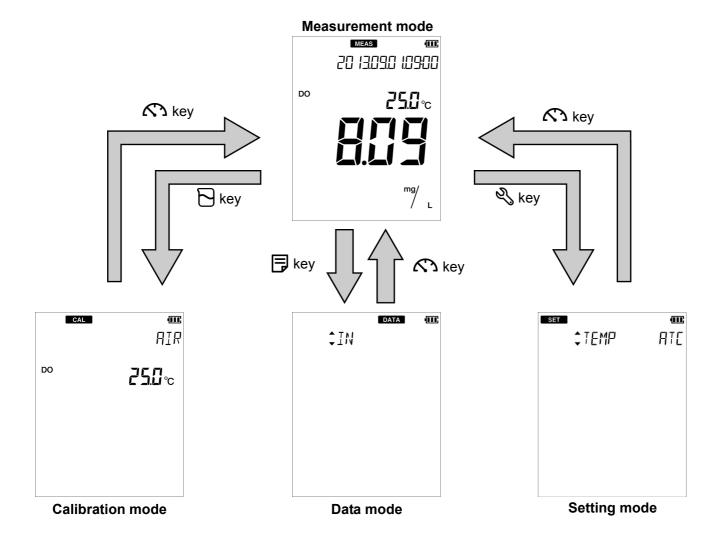
## Changing the operation mode

This instrument is operated by changing the operation mode from four available modes, depending on the purpose of use. The status icon indicates the current mode. You can change the operation mode using the corresponding key. However changing to the calibration, data, or setting mode is available only from the measurement mode.

When changing to a different mode, first change to the measurement mode and then change to the desired mode.



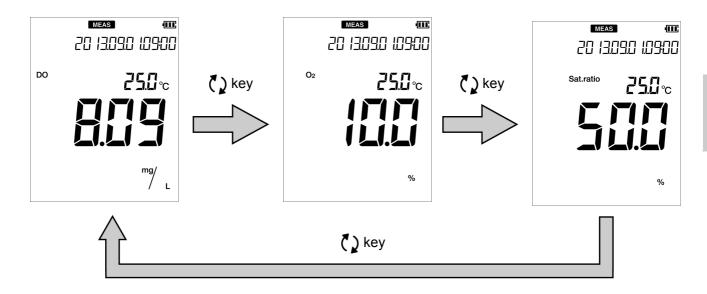
lcon	Name	Function
MEAS	Measurement mode	Performs measurement.
CAL	Calibration mode	Performs calibration.
DATA	Data mode	Saves data in the internal memory. Displays the saved data.
SET	Setting mode	Performs various settings.



## Changing the measurement parameter

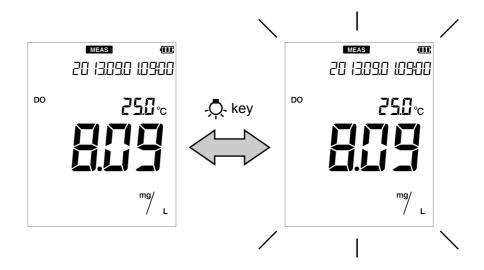
This instrument can measure multiple parameters.

In the measurement mode, the measurement parameter can be changed by pressing the  $\roldsymbol{()}$  key.



## Using the backlight

When it is difficult to see the screen in a dark location, you can turn on the backlight by pressing the  $-\mathack{1}{2}$ - key. If the backlight is not operated for 5 minutes, it automatically turns off. To turn it off manually, press the  $-\mathack{1}{2}$ - key again while the backlight is on.

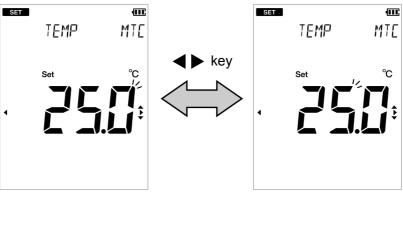


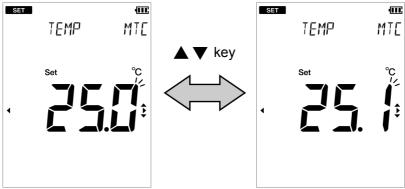
#### Note

- Turning on the backlight consumes energy and shortens battery life.
- The backlight becomes unavailable when the battery level becomes low.

# Entering numeric values

When entering numeric values to make various settings and set a calibration value, you can change the selected digit using the  $\blacktriangleleft \triangleright$  keys and increment or decrement the value (0 to 9) using the  $\blacktriangle \blacktriangledown$  keys.





# **Measurement**

This section describes the basic method of measurement of each measurement parameters.

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# ■ Preparation

### Confirmation before starting measurement

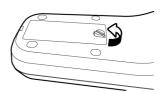
- Have you prepared the appropriate electrode for the measurement parameter?
   ⇒ If not, purchase the appropriate electrode.
- Is the prepared electrode in good condition?
  - ⇒ If the responsive part is stained or damaged, it may not be possible to obtain accurate values.
- Have you prepared the appropriate standard solution for the measurement parameter?
   ⇒ If not, prepare the standard solution by yourself or purchase it.
- Are there any items that should not be wet or stained around the instrument?
  - ⇒Depending on the operation during measurement, items around the instrument could get wet or stained. Secure sufficient space around the instrument and perform measurement while always paying attention to safety.
- Are there any devices that can be a source of noise?
  - ⇒ Measured values could be affected. Do not use the instrument near such devices. Always ground devices operated by AC power.

## Turning ON the instrument

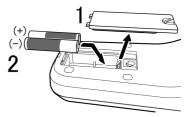
### Inserting the batteries

This instrument is operated by batteries. You can use AAA alkaline batteries or AAA Ni-MH rechargeable batteries. Perform the following procedure to insert batteries in the instrument.

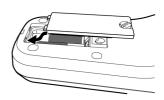
1. Turn the knob on the battery cover on the back of the instrument counterclockwise to unlock the battery cover.



2. Remove the battery cover and set the batteries inside.



3. Put the battery cover back in.



4. Turn the knob on the battery cover on the back of the instrument clockwise to lock the battery cover.



#### Note

- Do not replace the batteries in a dusty place or with wet hands. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.
- Do not short-circuit a battery.
- Set the + and side of the battery correctly.
- When the battery has run out or the instrument will not be used for a long time, remove the batteries.
- Of the specified battery types, make sure to use two batteries of the same type.
- Do not use a new battery together with a used battery.
- When using the Ni-MH batteries, do not use a fully charged battery together with an insufficiently-charged battery.

### Using the AC adapter (option)

It is possible to use the AC adapter to operate the instrument.

Perform the following procedure to connect AC adapter to the instrument.

The AC adapter is an option. To purchase it, contact your dealer. (Refer to "Options" (page 60).)

- 1. Open the AC adapter cover of the instrument.
- 2. Insert the AC adapter cable by fitting with the connector socket of in the instrument.
- 3. Insert AC adapter into the electrical socket.



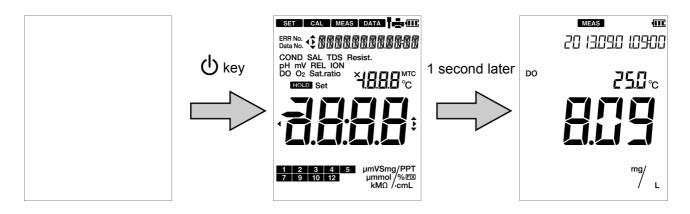
AC adapter connector

#### Note

- Do not insert the cable with force when the connector does not match the socket.
- When not using the AC adapter, close the AC adapter connector cover.
- While connected to the AC adapter, the instrument does not have the dust-proof and waterproof performance. Dust or moisture could get inside the instrument, possibly causing instrument malfunction.

### • Pressing the POWER key

After setting the batteries or connecting the AC adapter, press the 1 key over 1 second. The LCD is fully displayed for 1 second, and the screen displays the measurement mode.



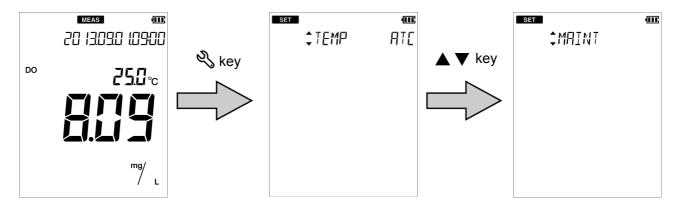
### Note

- Do not hold down the  $\bigcirc$  key after the power of the instrument is turned ON.
- Do not use the tip of nail or an object with a sharp end to press keys.

### Setting the date and time

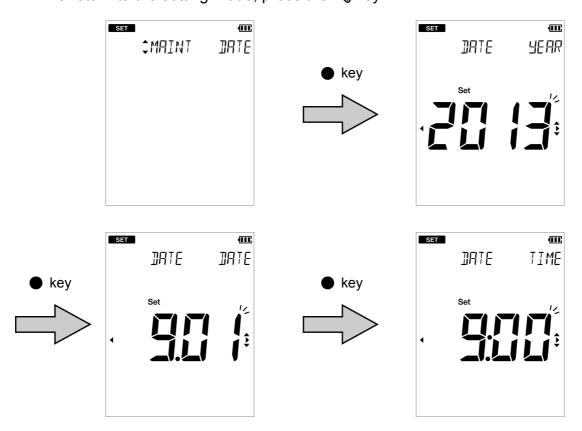
When using the instrument for the first time or after replacing the batteries, set the date and time. After setting, the date and time data is displayed correctly when saving data in the internal memory. If the setting is incorrect, the date and time of saved data becomes incorrect. (Refer to "Displaying saved data" (page 29).)

- 1. Press the 4 key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "DATE" (date and time setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Enter the "YEAR" (current year) and press the key.
- 5. In the same way, set the "DATE" (month and date) and "TIME" (hour and minute), in that order.

To return to the setting mode, press the \% key.



\_\_ Tip \_

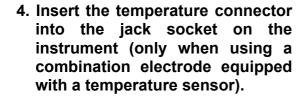
To change to the setting again, press the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key to return to the "DATE" (date and time setting) screen. The settings on screen before the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key is pressed are not saved.

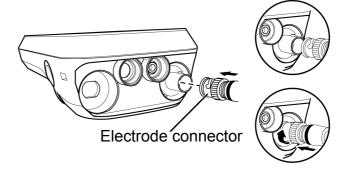
## Connecting an electrode

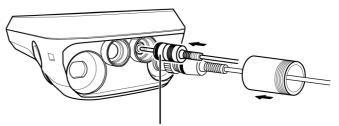
To perform measurement, you must use the appropriate electrode for measurement parameters. Recommended electrodes for each measured sample are listed in our product catalog and on our website. Refer to them when preparing electrodes. Use the following procedure to correctly connect the electrode to the instrument.

- 1. Insert the electrode connector by fitting its groove with the connector socket pin of the instrument.
- 2. Turn the electrode connector clockwise by following the groove.









Temperature connector

Preparation for measurement is complete.

For details of the measurement operation, refer to the following pages.

## ■ Dissolved oxygen measurement

You can use the DO electrode to measure the dissolved oxygen, oxygen concentration, and saturated oxygen concentration of a sample. Oxygen concentration and saturated oxygen concentration are calculated from the measured value of dissolved oxygen.

Press the () key to select the measurement parameter (" Changing the measurement parameter" (page 7)).

The operation is the same for all measurement parameters.

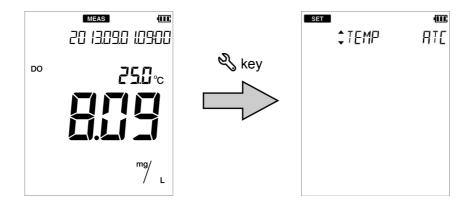
## Setting the instrument

### Setting temperature compensation (default: ATC)

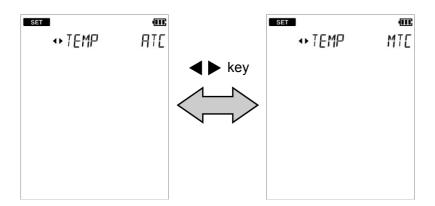
Because a temperature sensor is equipped with the DO electrode, you can use the automatic temperature compensation function. During calibration, compensating for the change in dissolved oxygen due to temperature change by measuring the temperature of the air (when air calibration is performed) or the standard solution (when standard solution calibration is performed). This function allows you to correct the sensitivity of the calibration data according to the sample temperature.

If you do not use the automatic temperature compensation function, match the temperature setting of the instrument to the temperature of the air (when air calibration is performed) or the standard solution (when standard solution calibration is performed) during calibration and perform measurement by matching the sample temperature to the temperature setting of the instrument. By doing so, you can obtain the correct measurement value without being affected by sensitivity changes caused by temperature.

- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[4]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Select the "TEMP" (temperature setting) and then press the 
  key.



- 3. Press the ◀ ▶ keys to select the "ATC" (automatic temperature compensation) or the "MTC" (manual temperature compensation) and then press the key.
- 4. If you select the "MTC", enter the temperature to be compensated for and then press the key.



< When MTC is set >

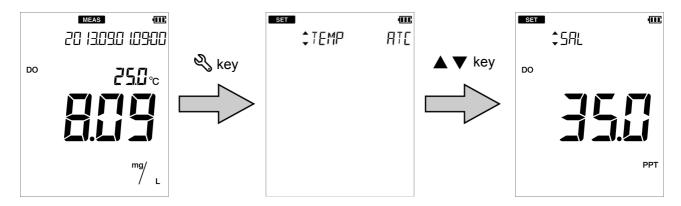


### Setting salinity correction (default: 0.0 PPT)

Because dissolved oxygen is affected by the salinity concentration, you need to correct it at measurement. Set the salinity concentration of the sample beforehand.

You can select arbitrary numeric value or sea concentration (35.0 PPT). If the measured target does not contain saline matter, set to 0.0 PPT.

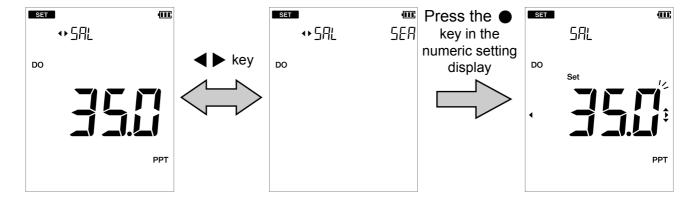
- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[4]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "SAL" (salinity correction setting) and then press the key.



3. Select the numeric setting display to set a salinity coefficient, or select "SEA" to set a sea concentration. And then press the ● key.

When the numeric setting display is selected, enter the salinity coefficient and press the 
key.

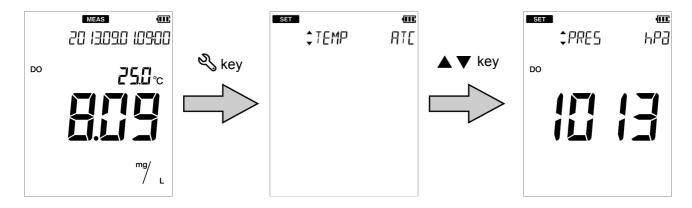
The setting range is 0.0 PPT to 40.0 PPT.



• Setting air pressure correction (default: 1013 hPa)

Because dissolved oxygen is affected by air pressure in the location where measurement is taking place, you need to correct it at measurement. Set the air pressure of the location to the instrument. At sea level, you can use the instrument with the default setting. If you are using the instrument high altitude area, you must set the air pressure correction.

- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[4]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "PRES" (air pressure collection setting) and then press the key.



3. Enter the air pressure value of the measurement location and then press the ● key.



## Performing calibration

Calibration of the DO electrode is required for accurate measurements. According to the following procedure, perform calibration correctly.

You can perform air one-point calibration and two-point calibration using the standard solution with this instrument. We recommend that calibration be performed once a day before the first measurement.

#### Note

To perform accurate calibration, set the air pressure value before calibration (" Setting air pressure correction (default: 1013 hPa)" (page 18)).

### Performing air calibration

This section describes the method of air one-point calibration.

#### Note

- Air calibration must be performed in clean air. If air calibration is performed in a location subject to dramatic temperature swings, exposed to wind and rain, or near a heating appliance, an error may occur or the value may not be stabilized.
- Do not hold the DO electrode during calibration with hand. DO electrode may be affected by temperature, causing an unstable value.
  - 1. Wash the membrane at the tip of the DO electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with a soft cloth at least 10 minutes before calibration.

Be careful not to break the membrane at the tip of the electrode.



2. Press the  $\bigcirc$  key to enter the calibration mode.

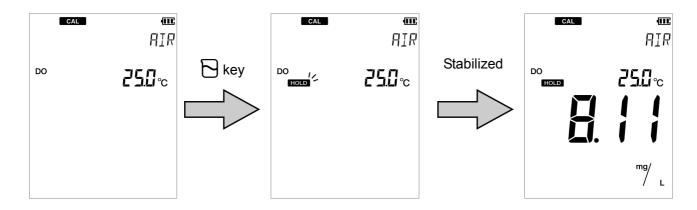






3. Hold the DO electrode still in clean air and press the key.

Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the calibrated value is displayed (the calibrated value differs depending on the conditions because it is affected by temperature and air pressure).



 $_{-}$  Tip  $_{-}$  Tip You can cancel calibration by pressing the igodapea key while the HOLD icon is blinking.

### Performing calibration using the standard solution

If high precision measurement is necessary, perform two-point calibration using the standard solution.

1. Wash the membrane at the tip of the DO electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with a soft cloth at least 10 minutes before calibration.

Be careful not to break the membrane at the tip of the electrode.



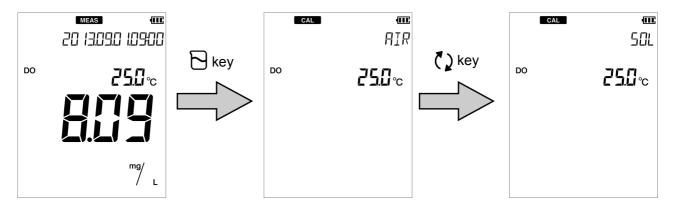
- 2. Prepare the standard solution to be used for calibration.
- Preparing the zero standard solution

Add 50 g sodium sulfite (Na2SO3) into 1000 mL pure water (or deionized water) and stir until sodium sulfite completely dissolves.

Preparing the span standard solution
 Use an air pump to bubble pure water (or deionized water) in a container for about an hour to create oxygen saturated condition.

- 3. Press the  $\bigcirc$  key to enter the calibration mode.
- 4. Press the 🗘 key to change to standard solution calibration.

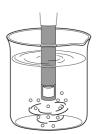
Pressing the () key again changes back to air calibration.



5. Perform the 1st point calibration. Immerse at least 6 cm from the tip of the DO electrode in the zero standard solution.

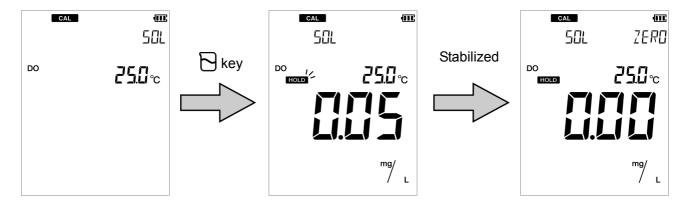
In order to immerse the temperature sensor equipped with the electrode in the standard solution, immerse it at least 6 cm of the standard solution.

During measurement, use a stirrer to stir the standard solution at 1000 rpm to 1500 rpm.

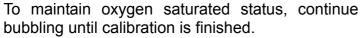


### Note

- If the temperature of the standard solution rises due to the use of a stirrer, use a temperature controlled bath.
- When using an electrode "9551-20D" or "9551-100D", immerse at least 9 cm from the tip.



7. Perform the 2nd point calibration. As with the step 1., wash the DO electrode and immerse in the span standard solution. As with the step 5., immerse at least 6 cm from the tip of the DO electrode.

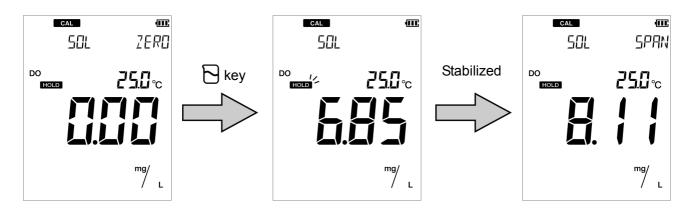




Note

When using an electrode "9551-20D" or "9551-100D", immerse at least 9 cm from the tip.

8. While the DO electrode is immersed in the standard solution, press the key. Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and calibration to the standard solution value is performed. Also, "SPAN" is displayed, indicating completion of span calibration.



Calibration using the standard solution is complete.

<u> —</u> Тір
---------------

You can cancel calibration by pressing the \times key while the HOLD icon is blinking.

#### Note

- The zero standard solution and the span standard solution are determined automatically by the instrument. Also, the order of calibration is free.
- If calibration of any standard solution is performed again in the calibration mode, only the value of calibrated solution is updated. If you change to the measurement mode and then enter the calibration mode to perform calibration again, all previous data is updated.

# Performing measurement

You can perform measurement in the measurement mode by immersing the DO electrode in the sample. Also, you can use the automatic hold function to perform stability judgment of the measured value.

- 1. Press the (1) key to change the parameter to measure.
- 2. Wash the membrane at the tip of the DO electrode with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe it with a soft cloth at least 10 minutes before calibration.

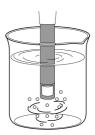
Be careful not to break the membrane at the tip of the electrode.



3. Immerse at least 6 cm from the tip of the DO electrode in the sample solution.

In order to immerse the temperature sensor equipped with the electrode in the sample solution, immerse it at least 6 cm of the sample solution.

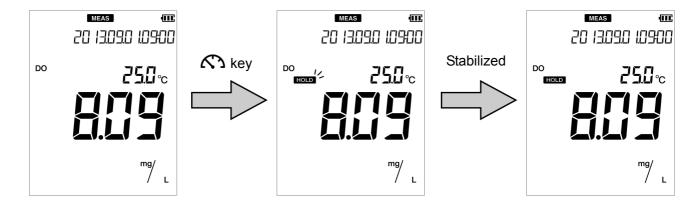
During measurement, use a stirrer to stir the sample solution at 1000 rpm to 1500 rpm.



Note

When using an electrode "9551-20D" or "9551-100D", immerse at least 9 cm from the tip.

4. While the DO electrode is immersed in the sample solution, press the 🖎 key. Stabilization judgment starts and the HOLD icon blinks. When the value is stabilized, the HOLD icon changes from the blinking state to the lit state and the display is fixed to the measured value at the stable time. Pressing the 🖎 key again releases fixing the measured value.



#### Note

The criteria of stability judgment in the automatic hold measurement are as follows.

Dissolved oxygen: display value change for 10 seconds is less than 0.03

mg/L and temperature change is less than 2.0°C

Oxygen concentration: display value change for 10 seconds is less than

0.3% and temperature change is less than 2.0°C

Saturated oxygen concentration: display value change for 10 seconds is less than

0.1% and temperature change is less than 2.0°C

# M E M O

# **Using various functions**

This section describes functions available in this instrument.

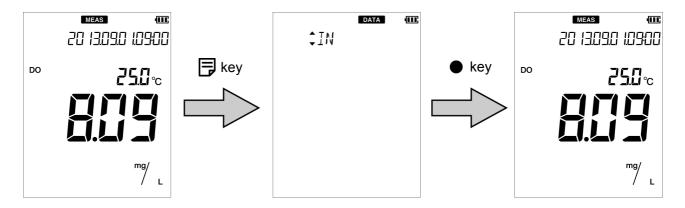
Saving measurement data in the internal memory	26
Displaying saved data	27
Deleting all saved data	28
Deleting calibration data	29
Printing measured values and calibration data	30
● Transferring saved data to a PC	33
Operating the instrument from an external device	34
● Using the automatic data save (default: OFF)	35
Setting the ID number (default: 000)	37
Calibrating temperature sensor	38
● Changing the automatic power off setting (default: OFF)	39
Performing test printing of the printer unit	40
● Resetting to factory default settings	41

# Saving measurement data in the internal memory

Up to 1000 data items measured by the instrument can be stored in the internal memory of the instrument. The measurement data is saved in the internal memory in the measurement mode, except during the automatic hold measurement.

- 1. While the data to save is displayed, press the 🗒 key to enter the data mode.
- 2. Select "IN" (data saving) and press the key.

  Saved data is displayed for 2 seconds and the "IN" appears automatically.



Note

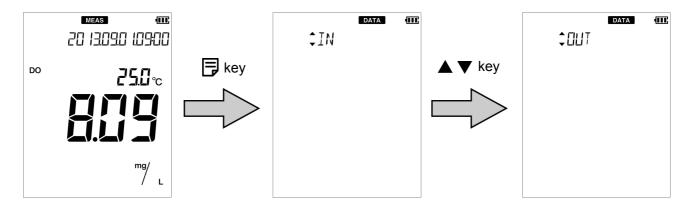
If 1000 data items have already been saved, an error occurs and "ERR No. 0010" is displayed. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory ("Deleting all saved data" (page 30))

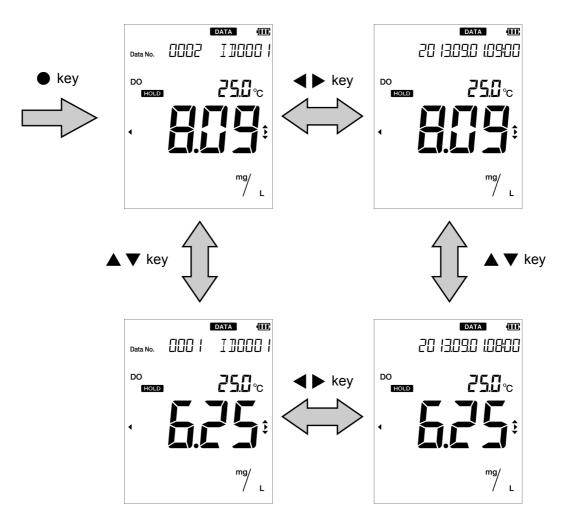
# Displaying saved data

You can display the data saved in the internal memory.

- 1. Press the 🗒 key to enter the data mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select "OUT" (display saved data) and then press the key.

Press the  $\blacktriangle \nabla$  keys to change the measurement data and press the  $\blacktriangleleft \triangleright$  keys to change the display between date and data number/sample ID.

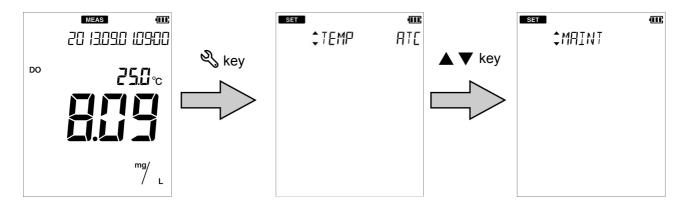




## Deleting all saved data

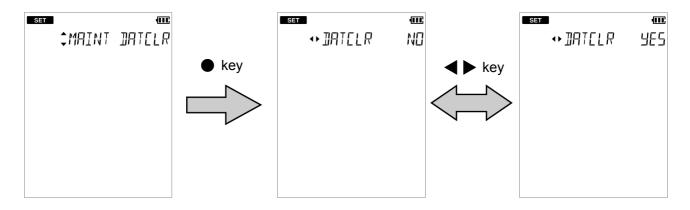
You can delete all data saved in the internal memory. However, you cannot delete a data individually. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC for storage.

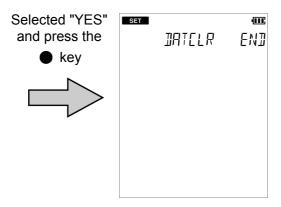
- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "DATCLR" (delete saved data) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "YES" to delete the saved data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the key.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after deletes saved data. Press the ● key. To return to the setting mode, press the ९ key.

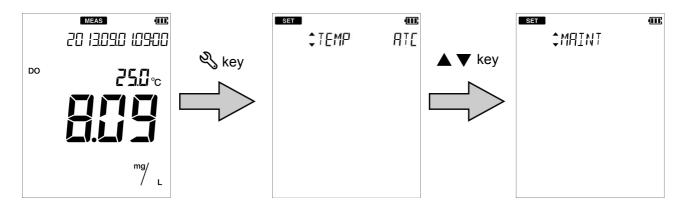




# Deleting calibration data

You can delete the calibration data set in the instrument.

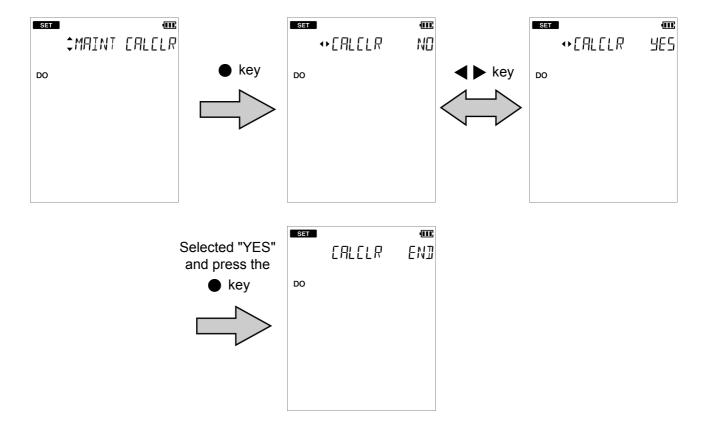
- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[4]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "CALCLR" (delete calibration data) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "YES" to delete the calibration data, or select "NO" to cancel deleting it. And then press the key.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after deletes calibration data. Press the ● key.

To return to the setting mode, press the 🖏 key.



# Printing measured values and calibration data

You can print out the measured value or calibrated value displayed on the instrument, or the measurement data or the calibration data saved in the instrument. If repeatability inspection has been inspected, the inspection data is printed out with the calibration data.

Pressing the • key starts printing during displaying the data you want to save. Use the printer cable (" Options " (page 60)) to connect the printer unit with the instrument beforehand. If the automatic data memory is set to "ON", you cannot print out in the measurement mode.

#### Reference

For details of how to display measurement data and calibration data, refer to the respective section.

- "Displaying saved data" (page 29)
- "Deleting calibration data" (page 31)

The format of the printout is shown on the below when using dissolved oxygen.

#### < Measurement data >

Printo	ut format	Description
Date	: 2013/09/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
Channel	: 1	Measurement channel
DO	: 1.03 mg/L	Measured value
HOLD	: AUTO	HOLD status Hold value: AUTO Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.5°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Sample	: 0000	Sample ID number
Inst. model	: OM-71	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE08	Instrument serial number
SAL. Coef	: 35.0 PPT	Salinity coefficient
Pres. Coef	: 1013 hPa	Air pressure coefficient

# < The data saved in internal memory >

Printo	ut format	Description
Memory Num	: 0001	Data number
Date	: 2013/09/01	Measurement date
Time	: 09 : 00	Measurement time
Channel	: 1	Measurement channel
DO	: 1.03 mg/L	Measured value
HOLD	: INST	HOLD status Hold value: AUTO Not hold value: INST
Temperature	: 25.0°C MTC	Temperature value and temperature setting
Sample	: 0000	Sample ID number
Inst. model	: OM-71	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE08	Instrument serial number

# < Calibration data (air calibration) >

Printout format		Description
Inst. model	: OM-71	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE08	Instrument serial number
CAL MODE	: Air	Calibration mode Air calibration : Air Standard solution calibration : Solution
Calibration data		
Date	: 2013/09/01	Calibration date
Time	: 09 : 00	Calibration time
CAL OK	:	Calibration result
	: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
SAL. Coef	: 35.0 PPT	Salinity coefficient
Pres. Coef	: 1013 hPa	Air pressure coefficient

# < Calibration data (standard solution calibration) >

Printout format		Description
Inst. model	: OM-71	Instrument model
Inst. SN	: KL1TSE08	Instrument serial number
CAL MODE	: Solution	Calibration mode Air calibration : Air Standard solution calibration : Solution
Calibration data		
Date	: 2013/09/01	Calibration date
Time	: 09 : 00	Calibration time
8.11 mg/L	:	SPAN calibration value
	: 25.0°C ATC	Temperature value and temperature setting
SAL. Coef	: 5.0 PPT	Salinity coefficient
Pres. Coef	: 1013 hPa	Air pressure coefficient

# Transferring saved data to a PC

By using a serial cable ("Options" (page 60)) to connect the instrument to a PC, you can transfer the saved data to the PC and edit it. Connect the serial connector at the instrument side to the serial port on the PC.

To save and edit data, prepare the software "FD-70".

You can download "FD-70" from our website.

In order to download the software, you need to complete user registration. Refer to the separate sheet "Introduction for user registration" to register as a user.

For details of how to use the "FD-70", refer to the "FD-70" instruction manual, which you can download from our website as well.

The required PC specifications and recommended PC specifications for using the "FD-70" are shown in the following table.

Item	Required PC specifications	Recommended PC specifications
Memory	256 MB or more	512 MB or more
CPU	1 GHz or more	1.6 GHz or more
HDD free space	5 GB or more	10 GB or more
OS	Windows XP (SP3), Windows Vista, Windows 7, or Windows 8	
Display	Super VGA (800 × 600) or more	
Connector	Serial connector (D-Sub 9pin)	

#### Note

- If you are not using the RS-232C communication, close the connector cover tightly.
- While using the RS-232C communication, the instrument is not dust-proof or waterproof. Do not use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands.

### Operating the instrument from an external device

You can remotely operate the instrument from an external device (ex.PC) via the RS-232C communication. Use the serial cable to connect the serial connector on the instrument side and the serial port on the PC.

When using this function, pay attention to the following points.

- Use the optional serial cable to connect the unit to a PC (" Options" (page 60)).
- Make sure that the transfer formats used in the instrument and a PC are the same.
   When different transfer formats are used, a communication error occurs and the online mode does not start up, and as a result RS-232C communication cannot be performed. Also, when the transfer format is changed, turn OFF the power of the instrument and PC and then reboot them.

The transfer format of the instrument is as follows.

Baud rate: 2400 bpsCharacter length: 8 bits

Parity: NoneStop bit: 1 bit

You can download a list of communication commands from our website. In order to download the list, you need to complete user registration. Refer to the separate sheet "Introduction for user registration" to register as a user.

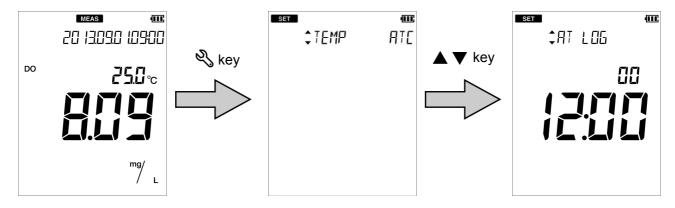
#### Note

- If you are not using the RS-232C communication, close the connector cover tightly.
- While using the RS-232C communication, the instrument is not dust-proof or waterproof. Do not use the RS-232C communication in a dusty place or with wet hands.

# Using the automatic data save (default: OFF)

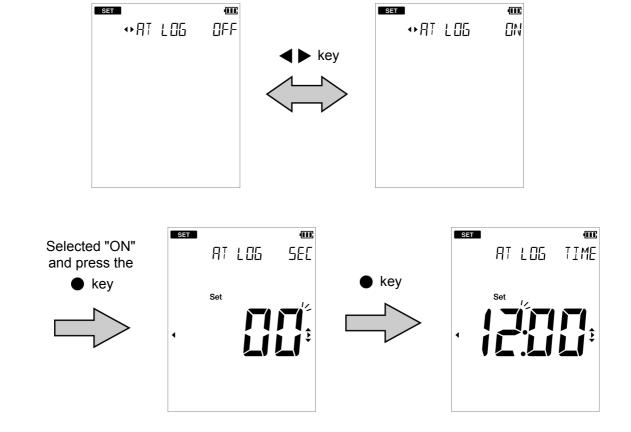
You can automatically save data in the internal memory at the specified interval. While using this function, the automatic power off setting is disabled. If the batteries run out while using the automatic data save function, the data saved until just before the batteries run out. Replace the batteries and check the data.

- 1. Press the 4 key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "AT LOG" (automatic data save) and then press the key.



3. Select "ON" to use this function, or select "OFF" not to use it. And then press the ● key.

When "ON" is selected, enter the period setting of seconds, hours, and minutes, in that order and press the 
key.

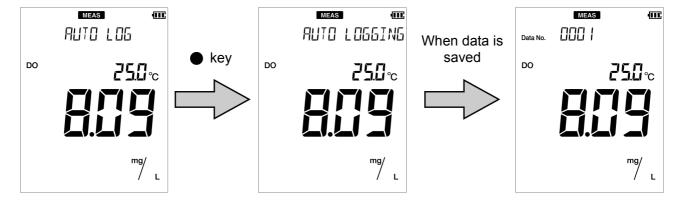


#### 

When this setting is "ON", "AUTO LOG", which indicates that the automatic data save function is on, is displayed.

#### 5. Pressing the ● key starts saving the data (when the setting is "ON").

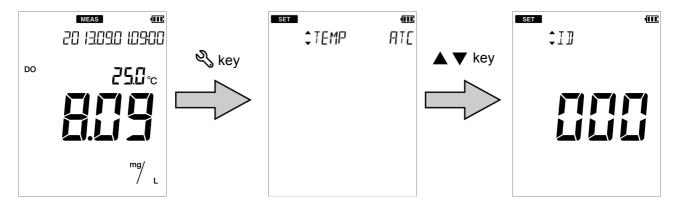
Pressing the ● key again stops the data saving process. During automatic data saving measurement, data is displayed for one second each time a measurement takes place. When more than 1000 data items are saved, "ERR No. 0010" is displayed and data saving is stopped. When you delete the data, the error is cleared ("Deleting all saved data" (page 30).



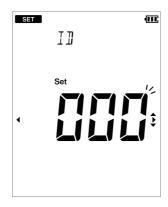
# Setting the ID number (default: 000)

You can set an ID number to differentiate the sample of the data to be saved. When the data is saved in the internal memory, the ID number entered in this setting is saved together with the data.

- 1. Press the 4 key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "ID" (ID number setting) and then press the key.



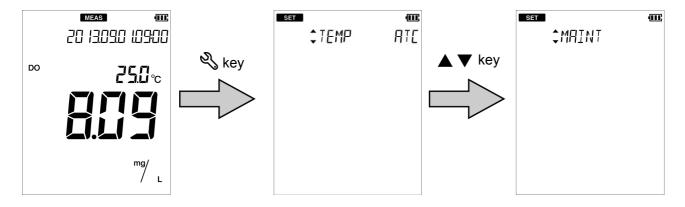
3. Enter the ID number to set and press the ● key. The setting range is 000 to 2999.



### Calibrating temperature sensor

The temperature sensor or temperature compensation electrode in the combination electrode has ±1°C accuracy without calibration. You can use a known temperature solution to calibrate the temperature sensor.

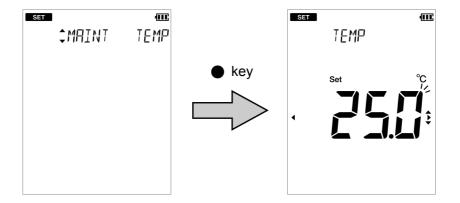
- 1. Immerse the electrode into the solution until the temperature sensor is immersed.
- 2. Press the \infty key to enter the setting mode.
- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 4. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "TEMP" (temperature calibration setting) and then press the key.
- 5. Enter the set temperature and press the key.

The temperature sensor is calibrated.

To return to the setting mode, press the \% key.



Note

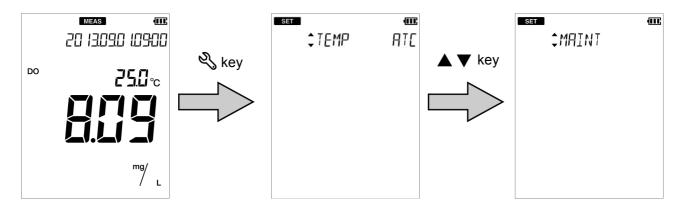
When initializing temperature calibration data, all settings need to be initialized. Perform initialization by referring to "Resetting to factory default settings" (page 43). When initialization is performed, all saved data is deleted. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC for storage.

# Changing the automatic power off setting (default: OFF)

You can set the instrument to automatically turn OFF when there is no key operation for a certain period of time.

This function is disabled during automatic data memory saving or remote operation using an external device.

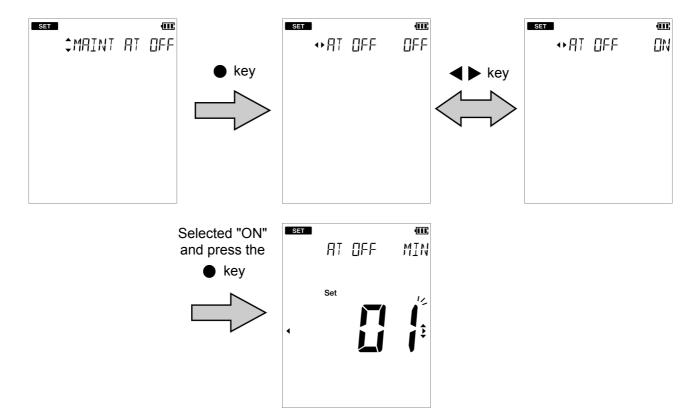
- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "AT OFF" (automatic power off setting) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "ON" to use this function, or select "OFF" not to use it. And then press the key.

When "ON" is selected, enter the automatic power off time and press the ● key. The setting range is 1 min to 30 min.

To return to the setting mode, press the 🖏 key.

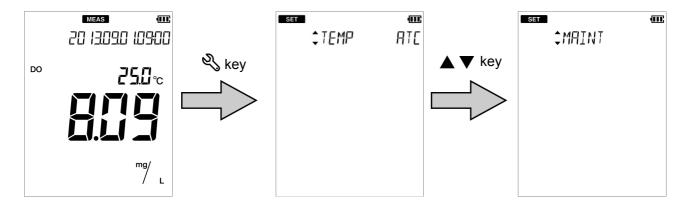


# Performing test printing of the printer unit

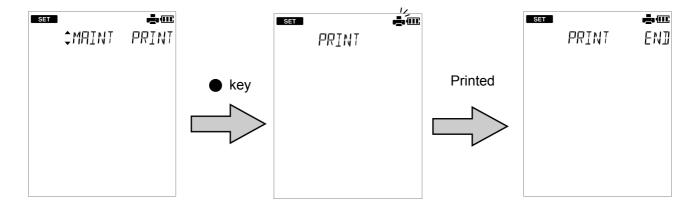
In order to check whether the printer unit is operating correctly or there is a printer communication problem, you can perform test printing.

Connect the instrument and a printer correctly and perform the following procedure for test printing. As a result of test printing, if the printout is as shown below, the printer unit is operating correctly.

- 1. Press the \% key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



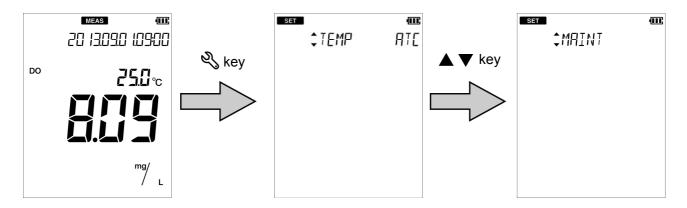
3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "PRINT" (test print) and then press the ● key. Printing starts automatically. The printer icon blinks during printing. When printing ends, the printer icon lights and "END" appears. Press the ● key. To return to the setting mode, press the ९ key.



# Resetting to factory default settings

The instrument settings can be reset to the factory default settings. The calibration data is deleted but the data of date and time, and the saved data are not deleted. Make sure there will be no problems before using this function. When this function is used, the temperature calibration data is also initialized.

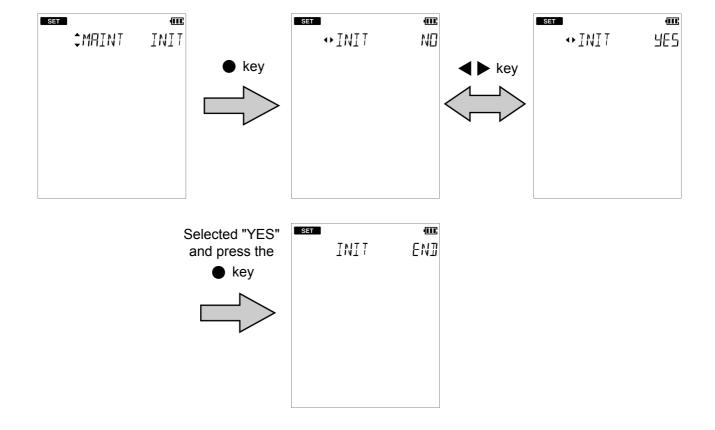
- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



- 3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "INIT" (initialize) and then press the key.
- 4. Select "YES" to initialize the settings to the factory default settings, or select "NO" to cancel initialization. And then press the key.

When "YES" is selected, "END" appears after the settings are initialized. Press the ● key.

To return to the setting mode, press the  $\Im$  key.



# M E M O

# **Maintenance**

This section describes maintenance of the instrument and the electrodes that are used with the instrument. To use them for a long period, perform the described maintenance procedures appropriately.

### Maintenance and storage of the instrument

- If the instrument becomes dirty, wipe it gently with a soft dry cloth. If it is difficult to remove the dirt, wipe it gently with a cloth moistened with alcohol.
- The instrument is made of solvent resistant materials but that does not mean it is resistant to all chemicals. Do not dip the instrument in strong acid or alkali solution, or wipe it with such solution.
- Do not wipe the instrument with a polishing powder or other abrasive compound.

# Environmental conditions for storage

Temperature: 0°C to 45°C

Humidity: under 80% in relative humidity and free from condensation

Avoid the following conditions.

- Dusty place
- Strong vibration
- Direct sunlight
- Corrosive gas environment
- · Close to an air-conditioner
- Direct wind

# Maintenance and storage of the DO electrode

For the detailed procedures for maintaining and storing electrodes, refer to the instruction manual for each electrode. This section describes an overview of the procedures for maintenance and storage to be performed as part of daily use.

#### How to clean membrane of the DO electrode

Membrane of the DO electrode is extremely thin. Take care not to tear the membrane when cleaning. Wash with pure water (or deionized water) and wipe, taking care not to damage the membrane.

#### Note

When using a neutral cleaning solution to wash the DO electrode, keep the neutral cleaning solution away from the membrane in order to prevent deterioration of the membrane.

### Daily storage of the DO electrode

Follow the steps below to store the electrode correctly.

#### - 9520-10D

- 1. Wash the DO electrode well with pure water (or deionized water).
- 2. Attach the adapter to the DO electrode.
- 3. Immerse the DO electrode in a conical flask containing zero standard solution (5% sodium sulfite solution).



#### 9551-20D, 9551-100D

- 1. Wash the DO electrode well with tap water.
- 2. Keep the DO electrode immersed in tap water.

#### Note

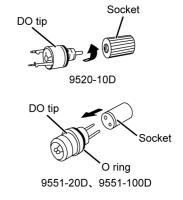
Leave the DO electrode connected to the instrument.

### • When the DO electrode will not be used for a long time

Follow the steps below to store the electrode correctly.

#### • 9520-10D, 9551-20D, 9551-100D

- 1. Wash the DO electrode well with tap water, then dry it with cotton gauze.
- 2. Remove the DO tip from the DO electrode.
- 3. Attach the socket on the DO chip, then store it in a cool, dark location.



# How to resolve errors or troubles

This section describes the causes of typical problems and the actions to be taken, including questions frequently asked by customers. Check these before contacting us.

# ■ When an error message appears

If "ERR No.00XX" appears while you are using the instrument, check the error in the error list below, and check the cause and action to be taken.

ERR No.	Description	Definition of error
0001	Memory error	Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.
0002	Empty battery level	The battery level is empty.
0003	Electrode stability error	The electric potential does not stabilize within three minutes.
0005	Electrode sensitivity error	The electrode sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows normal measurement.
0009	Printer error	There is a problem with the printer.
0010	Memory full	The number of the data saved has exceeded the limit of the internal memory.

# ● ERR No.0001 Memory error

Data cannot be read from or written to the internal memory.

Cause	How to solve problem
The instrument does not start properly due to noise or other at power ON.	Remove the batteries, disconnect the AC adapter, and then press the $\textcircled{b}$ key.
The defect of the internal IC	Contact your dealer for repair.

### ■ ERR No.0002 Empty battery level

The instrument cannot operate properly because the battery level is empty.

Cause	How to solve problem
The battery level is empty.	Replace the batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).

# ● ERR No.0003 Electrode stability error

Detected an electrode error because the electrical potential does not stabilize after 3 or more minutes during measurement or calibration.

Cause	How to solve problem
The stability of electrode is affected by the sample solution.	Read the value without using the automatic hold function.
The electrode is dirty.	Wash the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The temperature of the sample solution is fluctuating.	Measure the sample solution after its temperature stabilizes.

# ● ERR No.0005 Electrode sensitivity error

Detected that the electrode sensitivity is out of the setting range that allows normal measurement.

Cause	How to solve problem
The electrode is dirty.	Wash the electrode.
The electrode is cracked.	Replace the electrode.
The stirring is inappropriate.	Stir at an appropriate stirring speed (1000 to 1500 rpm).
The electrode is not connected correctly	Connect the electrode correctly.
The settings are wrong.	Set the correct salinity correction, air pressure correction, and temperature.
There is liquid on the DO tip membrane. (when performing air calibration)	Let the electrode sit until the liquid evaporates or remove the liquid using cotton gauze making sure not to scratch the membrane.
There is something wrong with the standard solution. (when conducting standard solution calibration)	Prepare new zero standard solutions. Sufficiently bubble the span standard solution with a diffuser or other tools.

# ● ERR No.0009 Printer error

An error occurred during printer communication.

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a problem with the printer unit connection.	Check the printer connection, and connect the instrument and printer again.
The defect of the printer	Consult your dealer.

# ● ERR No.0010 Memory full

Attempted to save more than 1000 items of data.

Cause	How to solve problem
Saving more than 1000 items of data is attempted.	The maximum number of savable items of data is 1000. Copy or transfer necessary data to a PC and delete the data from the memory (" Deleting all saved data " (page 30)).

# **■** Troubleshooting

This section describes causes and actions to take for problems that customers frequently ask us.

### The indicated value fluctuates

# < There is a problem with the electrode >

Cause	How to solve problem
The responsive membrane is dirty.	Wash the responsive membrane.
The responsive membrane is damaged or worn out.	Replace the electrode chip.
There are air bubbles on the electrode.	Shake the electrode to remove the air bubbles.

### < There is a problem with the instrument >

Cause	How to solve problem
There is a motor or other device causing electrical interference.	Measure at a place where no influence from induction is given. Ground all AC-powered equipment.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.

## < There is a problem with the sample >

Cause	How to solve problem
Some effects of the sample	Response time may slow down, depending on the properties of the sample solution.
The stirring is inappropriate.	Stir at an appropriate stirring speed (1000 to 1500 rpm).

# ● The response is slow

Cause	How to solve problem
The responsive membrane is dirty.	Wash the responsive membrane.
The responsive membrane is damaged or worn out.	Replace the electrode chip.
Some effects of the sample	Response time may slow down, depending on the properties of the sample solution.

# ■ The indicated value does not change/No response

Cause	How to solve problem
The responsive membrane is damaged or worn out.	Replace the electrode chip.
The electrode is not connected correctly.	Connect the electrode correctly.
Keys are locked.	Turn off the power, remove the batteries, and then turn on the power again.
The instrument is in HOLD state.	Cancel the HOLD state.
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

#### The measured value blinks

The measured value blinks when it is out of the measurement range.

Cause	How to solve problem
Sample is out of the measurement range.	Use a sample within the measurement range.
The electrode cable is broken.	Replace the electrode.
Calibration is not performed or performed incorrectly.	Perform the calibration correctly.
Instrument defect	Check as explained below.

#### How to check for instrument defect

Short the metal part of the outer tube to the center pin of the electrode connector of the corresponding channel of the instrument. If the measured value does not blink, the instrument is normal. If the measured value blinks, consult your dealer.



# Repeatability of the measured value is poor

Cause	How to solve problem
Effect of the sample solution	Repeatability becomes poor when the dissolved oxygen of the sample changes over time.
The responsive membrane is dirty.	Wash the responsive membrane.
The responsive membrane is damaged or worn out.	Replace the electrode chip.

# ● The temperature display blinks or is fixed at 25°C

The measured value blinks when it is out of the measurement range.

Cause	How to solve problem
Sample temperature is out of the measurement range.	Set to a temperature within the measurement range.
Temperature connector is not connected correctly.	Connect the temperature connector correctly.
The temperature setting is set to MTC.	Change the setting to ATC.
Operation is incorrect during temperature calibration.	Recalibrate using a solution of known temperature, or return to the factory setting ("Resetting to factory default settings" (page 43)).
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

# Nothing appears when the power is turned ON

Cause	How to solve problem
Power is not supplied.	Insert batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).
Battery polarity (+, -) is reversed.	Insert the batteries with the polarity (+, -) correctly oriented.
Battery life is low.	Replace the batteries or connect the AC adapter (option).
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

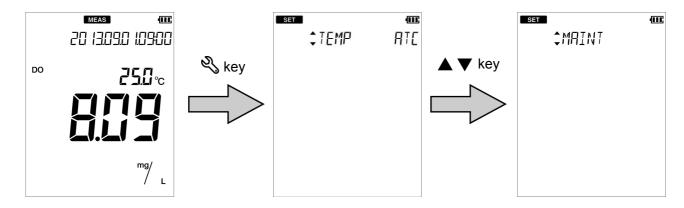
# Swelling of operation key sheet

Cause	How to solve problem
elevation or other location where	To eliminate the pressure difference between the inside and outside of the instrument, briefly open and then close the AC adapter cover. After opening, correctly close the cover to maintain dust and water proofing.
Instrument defect	Consult your dealer.

# Part of the display is missing

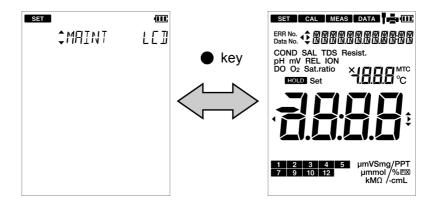
If part of the display is missing, it is the Instrument defect. Contact your dealer.

- 1. Press the  $\sqrt[8]{}$  key to enter the setting mode.
- 2. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "MAINT" (maintenance setting) and then press the key.



3. Press the ▲ ▼ keys to select the "LCD" (full screen display) and then press the ♠ key.

The display changes to full screen display. Check if part of the display is missing. To return to the setting mode, press the % key.



# M E M O

# **Appendix**

This section describes the specifications of the instrument, default settings, measurement principles, and other technical information.

Options for the instrument are also described.

# **■** Main specifications

Item	Contents
Model	OM-71
Measurement parameters	dissolved oxygen, oxygen concentration, saturated oxygen concentration, temperature
Operating ambient temperature, humidity	0°C to 45°C 80% or less in relative humidity (no condensation)
Power	AAA alkaline batteries (LR03) or AAA Ni–MH rechargeable batteries × 2 AC adapter 100 V to 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 0.37 A (option)
Dimensions	Approx. 67 (80) × 28 (42) × 170 mm (The figures in parentheses are maximum thicknesses.)
Mass	Approx. 270 g (without batteries)

Specification of each measurement parameters

Measurement parameter	ltem	Description		
	Measuring principle	Thermistor method		
	Display range	−30.0°C to 130.0°C		
Temperature	Measuring range	0.0°C to 100.0°C		
	Resolution	0.1°C		
	Repeatability	±0.1°C ±1 digit		
	Measuring principle	Membrane galvanic cell		
Dissolved	Measuring range (Display range)	0.00 mg/L to 20.00 mg/L		
oxygen	Resolution	0.01 mg/L		
	Repeatability	±0.1 mg/L ±1 digit		
	Measuring principle	Conversion from dissolved oxygen value		
Oxygen concentration	Measuring range (Display range)	0.0% to 200.0%		
	Resolution	0.1%		
Coturated	Measuring principle	Conversion from dissolved oxygen value		
Saturated oxygen concentration	Measuring range (Display range)	0.0% to 50.0%		
	Resolution	0.1%		

# ■ Instrument default settings

Measurement parameter	Item	Selection item/Setting range	Default values
	Temperature setting	Automatic (ATC)/ Manual (MTC)	Automatic (ATC)
	Temperature input value	0.0°C to 100.0°C	25.0°C
0	Auto power off	ON/OFF	OFF
Common	Auto power off time	1 min to 30 min	30 min
	Sample ID	000 to 2999	000
	Auto data memory	ON/OFF	OFF
	Auto data memory time	2 seconds to 24 hours	2 seconds
Dissolved oxygen	Salinity correction	Sea concentration (SEA)/ numeric setting	numeric setting
	Salinity correction value	0.0 PPT to 40.0 PPT	0.0 PPT
	Air pressure value	100 hPa to 1999 hPa	1013 hPa

### **■** Technical note

### Dissolved oxygen measurement

Dissolved oxygen (DO) is the concentration of oxygen that is dissolved in water. DO is essential in the self-cleaning mechanism of rivers and seas and for fish and other aquatic animals. The measurement of DO is also essential for waste-water treatment and water-quality management.

The principles of measurement using a DO tip are explained below.

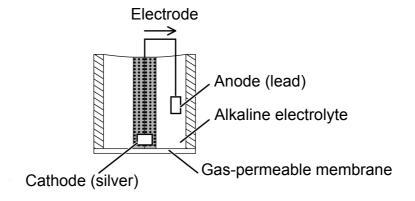
A precious metal (silver) is used as the cathode, which is tightly affixed to an oxygen-permeable membrane, and a base metal (lead) is used as the anode. Both the cathode and anode are immersed in an alkaline electrolytic solution. The external circuit between the anode and cathode is closed. Oxygen that diffuses through the oxygen-permeable membrane causes the following chain reaction to occur in the cathode and allows current to flow in the external circuit.

$$O_2 + 2H_2O + 4e^- \rightarrow 4OH^-$$

Whereas, the following oxidation reaction occurs at the anode.

$$2Pb \rightarrow 2Pb^{2+} + 4e^{-}$$

This current is proportional to the amount of oxygen that is diffused through the oxygen-permeable membrane, so measuring the current of the sample enables the DO contained within the sample to be determined. The DO measurement method that is based on this principle is called the "Membrane electrode method." This is a much simpler and more convenient way of measuring DO than using chemical analysis, which requires complex pretreatment in order to eliminate the effects of reductants and oxidants in the sample.



### Salinity concentration correction

When a solution is in contact with air and is in a state of perfect equilibrium (a state of saturation), the relationship between the DO contained within the solution C (mg/L) and the partial pressure of the oxygen in the air Ps (Mpa) is shown by the following equation.

$$C = \frac{Ps}{H}$$

The H in this equation is referred to as the "Henry constant" and has a different value depending on the composition of the solution. Generally, the higher the salinity concentration within a solution, the larger H becomes, and, consequently, the smaller C becomes.

DO tips actually detect the Ps that occurs in the above equation. This means that even if a DO tip is immersed in pure water that is saturated with air or in an aqueous solution containing salt, the output current will not change, which gives rise to a problem.

For this reason, it is necessary to correct the salinity concentration, to enable the correct DO to maintain a current, even in an aqueous solution containing salt, and resolve the problem.

# Air pressure correction

The amount of DO in a solution is proportional to the partial pressure of the oxygen contained within the air in which the solution is in contact. At 25°C, for example, when water is saturated by air that has an atmospheric pressure of 1013 hPa (1 atmosphere), the DO is 8.11 mg/L. As the elevation at which measurement takes place increases, however, the atmospheric pressure caused by the air decreases. So, when air is made to saturate water at a high elevation, where the air pressure is, for example, 506.5 hPa (1/2 atmosphere), the DO will be 4.06 mg/L. As explained above, careful attention must by paid to atmospheric pressure when calibrating a DO meter. Air pressure does not present any special problem when a DO meter is used near sea level, but when it is used at especially high altitudes, it is necessary to correct for the air pressure. This instrument has a built-in air pressure correction function. Set the atmospheric pressure in the instrument when calibrating and the instrument will automatically be calibrated using the air pressure corrected value. Air pressure correction is calculated using the equation below.

When calibration is finished, the value derived from this equation is displayed.

Compensated value =  $\frac{P}{1013}$  × measured value

P: air pressure set in the instrument (hPa)

# ● Saturated DO levels in water at various temperatures

Temp.	Saturated DO (mg/L)	Temp.	Saturated DO (mg/L)	Temp.	Saturated DO (mg/L)	Temp.	Saturated DO (mg/L)
1	13.77	11	10.67	21	8.68	31	7.42
2	13.40	12	10.43	22	8.53	32	7.32
3	13.04	13	10.20	23	8.39	33	7.22
4	12.70	14	9.97	24	8.25	34	7.13
5	12.37	15	9.76	25	8.11	35	7.04
6	12.06	16	9.56	26	7.99	36	6.94
7	11.75	17	9.37	27	7.87	37	6.86
8	11.47	18	9.18	28	7.75	38	6.76
9	11.19	19	9.01	29	7.64	39	6.68
10	10.92	20	8.84	30	7.53	40	6.59

# **■** Options

A wide variety of electrodes and options are available for use with the instrument. You can select the optimum electrode and options for your application and objectives.

These options can be purchased from your nearest agency. Please provide the part name and part number to the representative.

With regard to electrodes, it is important to select the optimum electrode for the sample you want to measure. For details, refer to the catalogue or our website, or contact your dealer.

Part name		Part number	Remarks
AC adapter, Cable (UL, 120 V)		3014031951	
AC adapter, Cable (EU, 230 V)		3014031952	
	Printer (USA, 120 V)	3014030146	Printer cable sold separately
Diain nanar	Printer (EU, 230 V)	3014030147	
Plain paper printer	Printer cable	3014030148	1.5 m
printo.	Roll paper	3014030149	20 rolls/set
	Ink ribbon	3014030150	5 pcs/set
Serial cable		3014030151	
Electrode stand (model DP-70S)		3200528474	
Electrode hook attachment		3200528475	
Electrode cleaning solution for low conductivity water or tap water (model 230)		3200530494	

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